

Sul Ross State University

Prepared 2023-07-28 IPEDS: 228501



### **About This Report**

### **About Your Engagement Indicators Report**

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
	Discussions with Diverse others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
,	Effective Teaching Practices
	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions
	Supportive Environment

### **Report Sections**

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

#### Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

#### **Score Distributions**

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

#### Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of all current- and prior-year institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

#### **Interpreting Comparisons**

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

#### **How Engagement Indicators are Computed**

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. *Research & Practice in Assessment, 13* (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.

# NSSE national survey of student engagement

## **NSSE 2023 Engagement Indicators**

## Overview Sul Ross State University

### **Engagement Indicators: Overview**

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- $\triangle$  Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- $\nabla$  Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

First-Year Students		Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Southwest Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2022 & 2023	
	Higher-Order Learning				
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Challenge	Learning Strategies		▼	$\nabla$	
	Quantitative Reasoning				
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		Δ		
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others				
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	<b>A</b>	Δ	Δ	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices				
Campus	Quality of Interactions				
Environment	Supportive Environment				
Seniors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Southwest Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2022 & 2023	
	Higher-Order Learning				
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning		$\nabla$	$\nabla$	
Challenge	Learning Strategies			Δ	
	Quantitative Reasoning	$\nabla$		$\nabla$	
Learning with	Collaborative Learning				
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	▼	•	▼	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction				
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices				
Campus	Quality of Interactions				
Environment	Supportive Environment				



## Academic Challenge Sul Ross State University

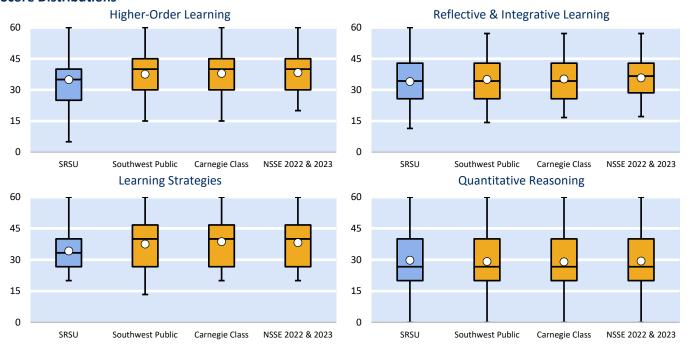
### **Academic Challenge: First-year students**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	SRSU	Southwest Public		Carnegie Class		NSSE 2022 & 202		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	
Higher-Order Learning	34.9	37.5	19	38.0	23	38.3	25	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	34.0	35.0	08	35.3	10	35.8	15	
Learning Strategies	34.2	37.5	23	38.7 *	31	38.2 *	28	
Quantitative Reasoning	29.8	29.2	.04	29.0	.05	29.4	.03	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



## Academic Challenge Sul Ross State University

## **Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)**

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

Percentage responding "Tery much" or "Quite a hil" about how much coursework emphasized   50   1   2   2   4	comparison group. Dark red bars indicate now much lower your institution	1		ur FY students and	
Percentage responding "Tery much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized  4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations  66	High an Onder Lagrania				
4b, Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations 4c, Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts 5d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source 70 +1 -1 -1 -0 4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information 69 +0 -1 -2  Reflective & Integrative Learning  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 57 +6 +6 +6 +4  2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues 2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments 7c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 7c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 7c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 7c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 7c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 7c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 7c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 7c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 7c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 8c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 9c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 9c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 9c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 9c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 9c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 9c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 9c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own		SRSU	Public	Carnegie Class	2023
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts  4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source  70 +1 -1 -1 -0  4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information  69 +0 -1 -2  Reflective & Integrative Learning  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments  57 +6 +6 +4 +4  2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issue  2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments  2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue  60 -5 -4 -5  2e. There to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective  2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept  61 -6 -6 -7  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  62 -13 -15 -16  Learning Strategies  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  9a. Identified key information from reading assignments  67 -3 -7 -6  9b. Reviewed your notes after class  65 -1 -2 -0  9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  Quantitative Reasoning	Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%		2	=
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source  4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information  69 +0 -1 -2  Reflective & Integrative Learning  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments  57 +6 +6 +6 +4  2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues  58 +9 +6 +5  Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments  2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue  60 -5 -4 -5  2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective  2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  62 -13 -15 -16  Learning Strategies  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  9a. Identified key information from reading assignments  67 -3 -7 -6  9b. Reviewed your notes after class  65 -1 -2 -0  9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  Quantitative Reasoning	4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	66	-1	-2	-4
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information 69 +0 -1 -2   Reflective & Integrative Learning   Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"   2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 57 +6 +6 +4   2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues 58 +9 +6 +5   2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments 58 +7 +6 +3   2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 60 -5 -4 -5   2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective 72 +1 +2 +1   2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept 61 -6 -6 -6 -7   2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge 62 -13 -15 -16   Learning Strategies   Percentage of students who responded that they "Fery often" or "Often"   9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 67 -3 -7 -6   9b. Reviewed your notes after class 65 -1 -2 -0   9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 52 -11 -14 -13	4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	54	-13	-14	-15
Reflective & Integrative Learning  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments  57 +6 +6 +6 +4  2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues  2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments  2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue  60 -5 -4 -5  2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective  2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  62 -13 -15 -16  Learning Strategies  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  9a. Identified key information from reading assignments  67 -3 -7 -6  9b. Reviewed your notes after class  65 -1 -2 -2 -0  9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  57 -46 -47  18 -49 -46 -49  19 -46 -49  10 -5 -40  10 -5 -50  10 -50  10 -50  10 -50  10 -50  10 -50  10 -50  10 -50  10 -5	4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	70	+1	-1	-0
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments  57 +6 +6 +6 +4  2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues  58 +9 +6 +5  2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments  2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue  60 -5 -4 -5  7ried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective  2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept  61 -6 -6 -7  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  62 -13 -15 -16  Learning Strategies  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  9a. Identified key information from reading assignments  67 -3 -7 -6  9b. Reviewed your notes after class  65 -1 -2 -0  9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  57 +6 +6 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4	4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	69	+0	-1	-2
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments  2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues  2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments  2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue  2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective  2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Summarized what they "Very often" or "Often"  9a. Identified key information from reading assignments  67  -3  -7  -6  9b. Reviewed your notes after class  65  -1  -2  -0  Quantitative Reasoning	Reflective & Integrative Learning				
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues  2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments  2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue  2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective  2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Identified key information from reading assignments  2g. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  2g. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  2g. Quantitative Reasoning	Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course  2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue  2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue  2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from 72 +1 +2 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1	2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	57	+6	+6	+4
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue  2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective  2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to	2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	58	+9	+6	+5
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective  2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept  2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  62 -13 -15 -16  Learning Strategies  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  9a. Identified key information from reading assignments  67 -3 -7 -6  9b. Reviewed your notes after class  65 -1 -2 -0  9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  Quantitative Reasoning	XC.	58	+7	+6	+3
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2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge  Learning Strategies  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  9a. Identified key information from reading assignments  67  -3  -7  -6  9b. Reviewed your notes after class  65  -1  -2  -0  9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  Quantitative Reasoning	26	72	+1	+2	+1
Learning Strategies  Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  9a. Identified key information from reading assignments  67  9b. Reviewed your notes after class  65  -1  -2  -0  9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  Quantitative Reasoning	2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	61	-6	-6	-7
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"  9a. Identified key information from reading assignments  67  -3  -7  -6  9b. Reviewed your notes after class  65  -1  -2  -0  9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  52  -11  -14  -13	2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	62	-13	-15	-16
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 67 -3 -7 -6 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 65 -1 -2 -0 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 52 -11 -14 -13  Quantitative Reasoning	Learning Strategies				
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9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials  52  -11  -14  -13  Quantitative Reasoning	9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	67	-3	-7	-6
Quantitative Reasoning	9b. Reviewed your notes after class	65	-1	-2	-0
	9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	52	-11	-14	-13
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	Quantitative Reasoning				
	Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)  52  -1  -2	6a. graphs, statistics, etc.)	52	-1	-1	-2
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)		42	-2	-2	-2
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information 50 +8 +8 +7	6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	50	+8	+8	+7

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Academic Challenge Sul Ross State University

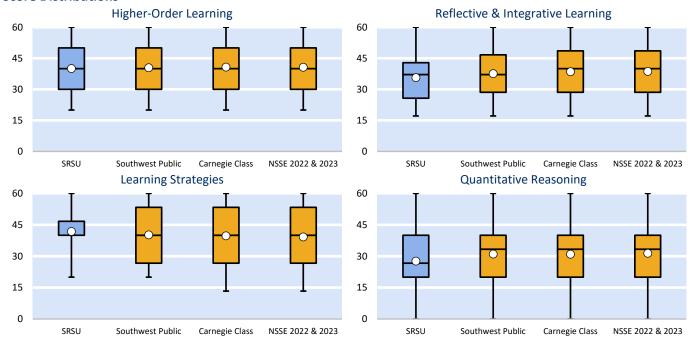
### **Academic Challenge: Seniors**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with						
	SRSU	Southwest Public		Carnegie Class		NSSE 2022 & 2023		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	
Higher-Order Learning	40.0	40.4	03	40.7	05	40.7	05	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	35.6	37.6	15	38.5 *	22	38.7 *	24	
Learning Strategies	41.8	40.2	.11	39.7	.14	39.2 *	.18	
Quantitative Reasoning	27.6	31.0 *	21	31.0	20	31.4 *	23	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

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## Academic Challenge Sul Ross State University

## **Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)**

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

			nt difference <sup>a</sup> between y	
Higher-Order Learning	SRSU	Southwest Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2022 8 2023
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	78	+2	+1	+1
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	76	+0	+0	+0
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	75	+3	+2	+3
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	79	+5	+4	+4
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	59	-6	-9	-10
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	58	-1	-5	-5
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	43	-8	-13	-13
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	65	-1	-2	-2
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective	69	-4	-4	-4
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	62	-9	-9	-10
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	82	-о	-2	-2
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	86	+9	+9	+9
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	79	+10	+13	+15
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	78	+8	+10	+11
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	54	-5	-3	-4
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	43	-5	-5	-6
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	42	-4	-4	-6

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Learning with Peers Sul Ross State University

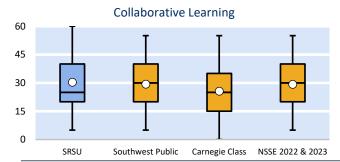
### **Learning with Peers: First-year students**

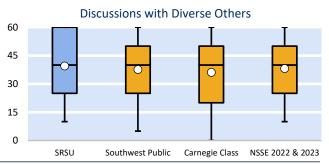
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year studen	ts compared v	vith	
	SRSU Southwest Public		Carnegie Class		NSSE 20	22 & 2023	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	30.3	29.3	.07	25.6 *	.29	29.2	.07
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.5	37.6	.11	36.0	.20	38.1	.08

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**





Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between you		
		Southwest		NSSE 2022 &	
Collaborative Learning	SRSU	Public	Carnegie Class	2023	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	49	+4	+12	+5	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	53	+7	+13	+5	
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	39	-2	+4	-2	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	48	-3	+5	-2	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	65	-2	+2	-3	
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	71	+4	+7	+2	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	67	+4	+7	+3	
8d. People with political views other than your own	63	+3	+7	+4	

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Learning with Peers Sul Ross State University

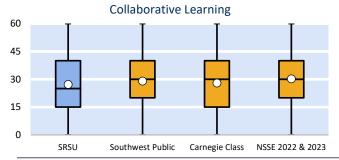
### **Learning with Peers: Seniors**

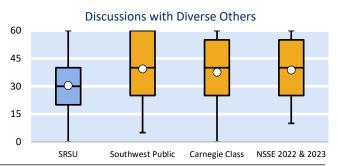
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	SRSU Southwest Public  Effect		Carnegie Class  Effect	NSSE 2022 & 2023 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	27.2	29.011	28.004	30.319
Discussions with Diverse Others	30.4	39.4 ***52	37.6 ***42	38.8 ***52

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**





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The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference $^{\it a}$ between your seniors and			
		Southwest		NSSE 2022 &	
Collaborative Learning	SRSU	Public	Carnegie Class	2023	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	45	+6	+8	+4	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	43	-5	-4	-8	
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	40	+2	+4	+0	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	51	-4	-3	-8	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	54	-17	-13	-15	
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	55	-16	-13	-16	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	46	-21	-16	-18	
8d. People with political views other than your own	50	-13	-9	-11	

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Experiences with Faculty Sul Ross State University

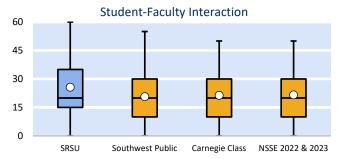
### **Experiences with Faculty: First-year students**

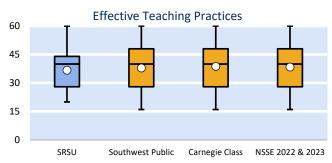
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons		У	our first-year students compared v	with
	SRSU	Southwest Public  Effect	Carnegie Class Effect	NSSE 2022 & 2023 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	25.7	20.7 * .32	21.3 * .29	21.6 * .27
Effective Teaching Practices	36.7	37.909	38.714	38.412

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**





Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	difference <sup>a</sup> between you	ur FY students and
		Southwest		NSSE 2022 &
Student-Faculty Interaction	SRSU	Public	Carnegie Class	2023
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	48	+12	+11	+11
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	33	+10	+12	+10
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	35	+9	+9	+7
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	43	+13	+10	+11
Effective Teaching Practices			-	-
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	65	-11	-11	-11
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	61	-10	-11	-12
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	68	-3	-4	-5
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	63	+0	-2	-1
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	58	+0	-4	-2

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Experiences with Faculty Sul Ross State University

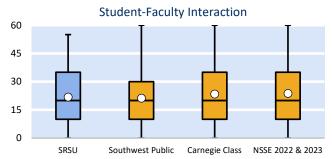
### **Experiences with Faculty: Seniors**

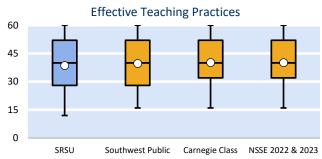
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with			
	SRSU	Southw	vest Public Effect	Carne	gie Class Effect	NSSE 20	022 & 2023 Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean Mean size Med		Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	21.7	21.2	.03	23.4	10	23.7	12	
Effective Teaching Practices	38.5	39.6	07	40.1	11	40.0	11	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**





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#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

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		Percentage poi	nt difference <sup>a</sup> between y	our seniors and
		Southwest		NSSE 2022 &
Student-Faculty Interaction	SRSU	Public	Carnegie Class	2023
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	40	+2	-3	-3
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	24	-0	-2	-4
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	26	-2	-5	-6
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	34	+5	-1	+1
Effective Teaching Practices		·	-	
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	79	-1	-1	-1
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	65	-10	-11	-12
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	72	-3	-3	-4
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	61	+0	-4	-3
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	64	+2	-2	-1

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Campus Environment Sul Ross State University

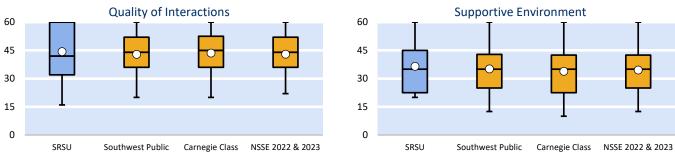
### **Campus Environment: First-year students**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year studei	nts compared v	vith	
	SRSU	Southw	vest Public	Carne	gie Class	NSSE 20	22 & 2023
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	44.3	42.9	.12	43.6	.06	43.0	.11
Supportive Environment	36.5	35.2	.10	33.9	.19	34.6	.14

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your FY students and					
		Southwest		NSSE 2022 &			
Quality of Interactions	SRSU	Public	Carnegie Class	2023			
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from I="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%						
13a. Students	51	+0	+2	+0			
13b. Academic advisors	55	+3	-3	-0			
13c. Faculty	53	+2	( -1	+1			
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	56	+7	+6	+9			
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	54	+6	+3	+7			
Supportive Environment							
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	62	-8	-9	-9			
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	63	-9	-9	-9			
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	56	-5	-2	-3			
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	76	+7	+12	+8			
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	66	+1	+3	+2			
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	55	+12	+13	+16			
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	76	+11	+21	+14			
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	48	+2	+5	+3			

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



## Campus Environment Sul Ross State University

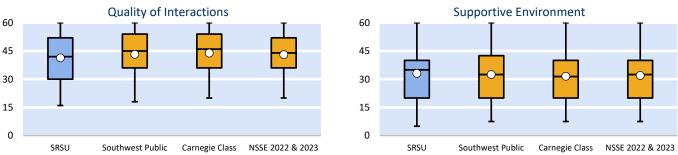
### **Campus Environment: Seniors**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with		
	SRSU	Southv	vest Public	Carnegie Class		NSSE 20	22 & 2023
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	41.3	43.3	15	43.9	20	43.0	14
Supportive Environment	33.1	32.5	.04	31.6	.10	32.0	.08

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .01 (2-tailed).

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### **Performance on Indicator Items**

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		Percentage poi	nt difference <sup>a</sup> between y	our seniors and
		Southwest		NSSE 2022 &
Quality of Interactions	SRSU	Public	Carnegie Class	2023
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			
13a. Students	45	-15	-14	-13
13b. Academic advisors	49	-3	-7	-4
13c. Faculty	55	-1	-4	-2
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	42	-6	-7	-4
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	46	-3	-5	+0
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	69	+2	+1	+2
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	66	+1	+1	+1
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	53	-4	-1	-2
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	63	F -0	+3	-0
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	62	+3	+4	+4
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	45	+9	+10	+13
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	57	+2	+9	+3
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	45	+4	+6	+5

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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## Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Sul Ross State University

### Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE<sup>a</sup> for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2022 and 2023 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2022 and 2023 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

irst-Year	Students			Your first-year stude	nts compared with	١	
		SRSU	NSSE	Top 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$
	Higher-Order Learning	34.9	39.5 *	35	42.2 ***	57	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	34.0	37.2 *	27	39.8 ***	50	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	34.2	39.8 **	40	42.8 ***	61	
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.8	30.7	06 ✓	33.4	23	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	30.3	33.2	21	36.5 ***	46	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.5	40.5	07 ✓	43.6	30	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	25.7	25.4	.02 ✓	29.3	24	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	36.7	40.1	25	43.3 ***	49	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	44.3	45.2	08 ✓	48.1	32	
Environment	Supportive Environment	36.5	36.8	02 ✓	39.6	24	

Seniors				Your seniors co	mpared with	
		SRSU	NSSE T	Гор 50%	NSSE T	op 10%
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size ✓
'	Higher-Order Learning	40.0	42.1	15	44.7 ***	37
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	35.6	40.6 ***	40	43.1 ***	63
Challenge	Learning Strategies	41.8	40.9	.06 ✓	43.6	13
	Quantitative Reasoning	27.6	32.7 **	31	36.3 ***	53
Learning	Collaborative Learning	27.2	34.7 ***	53	38.1 ***	80
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	30.4	41.1 ***	68	43.9 ***	92
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	21.7	29.6 ***	48	34.3 ***	79
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	38.5	42.1 **	26	44.7 ***	46
Campus	Quality of Interactions	41.3	45.4 **	33	47.9 ***	52
Environmen	<sup>t</sup> Supportive Environment	33.1	34.6	10	37.7 **	33

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .01 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all current- and prior-year institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



## Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Sul Ross State University

**Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students** 

Detailed Statistics. Tirst	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores				Co	mparison	parison results				
_		h							Deg. of	Mean	f	Effect		
A se descrito Chelless se	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>		
Academic Challenge														
Higher-Order Learning	240		1.05	_	2.5	2.5	40	60						
SRSU $(N = 52)$	34.9	14.0	1.95	5	25	35	40	60			4=0			
Southwest Public	37.5	13.8	.11	15	30	40	45	60	15,819	-2.6	.170	191		
Carnegie Class	38.0	13.6	.06	15	30	40	45	60	48,772	-3.1	.103	227		
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.3	13.3	.03	20	30	40	45	60	192,686	-3.4	.067	254		
Top 50%	39.5	13.2	.04	20	30	40	50	60	123,821	-4.6	.012	351		
Top 10%	42.2	12.8	.10	20	35	40	55	60	15,063	-7.3	.000	573		
Reflective & Integrative Learning	g													
SRSU $(N = 57)$	34.0	13.8	1.83	11	26	34	43	60						
Southwest Public	35.0	12.3	.09	14	26	34	43	57	17,391	-1.0	.540	081		
Carnegie Class	35.3	12.4	.05	17	26	34	43	57	53,479	-1.3	.431	104		
NSSE 2022 & 2023	35.8	12.2	.03	17	29	37	43	57	210,760	-1.8	.257	150		
Top 50%	37.2	12.0	.04	20	29	37	46	60	116,312	-3.3	.039	272		
Top 10%	39.8	11.8	.10	20	31	40	49	60	15,174	-5.9	.000	498		
Learning Strategies														
SRSU $(N = 50)$	34.2	12.0	1.70	20	27	33	40	60						
Southwest Public	37.5	14.0	.12	13	27	40	47	60	14,563	-3.3	.098	235		
Carnegie Class	38.7	14.2	.07	20	27	40	47	60	44,721	-4.4	.027	313		
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.2	13.9	.03	20	27	40	47	60	177,523	-3.9	.045	284		
Top 50%	39.8	13.9	.04	20	27	40	53	60	99,509	-5.5	.005	399		
Top 10%	42.8	14.0	.10	20	33	40	60	60	20,786	-8.6	.000	611		
Quantitative Reasoning														
SRSU (N = 49)	29.8	14.5	2.07	0	20	27	40	60						
Southwest Public	29.2	15.7	.13	0	20	27	40	60	14,793	.6	.785	.039		
Carnegie Class	29.2	15.7	.07	0	20	27	40	60	45,579	.8	.711	.053		
NSSE 2022 & 2023	29.4	15.7	.04	0	20	27	40	60	180,646	.6 .4	.859	.025		
			.04	7		27		60	*	.4 9	.692			
Top 50%	30.7	15.3			20		40		121,032			057		
Top 10%	33.4	15.4	.11	7	20	33	40	60	19,470	-3.6	.102	234		
Learning with Peers														
Collaborative Learning				_										
SRSU $(N = 59)$	30.3	15.5	2.01	5	20	25	40	60						
Southwest Public	29.3	14.6	.11	5	20	30	40	55	18,902	1.0	.601	.068		
Carnegie Class	25.6	16.1	.07	0	15	25	35	55	57,871	4.7	.025	.291		
NSSE 2022 & 2023	29.2	15.0	.03	5	20	30	40	55	229,355	1.1	.580	.072		
Top 50%	33.2	13.9	.04	10	25	35	40	60	135,577	-2.9	.105	211		
Top 10%	36.5	13.7	.08	15	25	35	45	60	27,236	-6.2	.000	456		
Discussions with Diverse Others														
SRSU $(N = 50)$	39.5	17.5	2.48	10	25	40	60	60						
Southwest Public	37.6	16.7	.14	5	25	40	50	60	14,691	1.9	.429	.112		
Carnegie Class	36.0	17.0	.08	0	20	40	50	60	45,064	3.4	.157	.201		
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.1	15.8	.04	10	25	40	50	60	178,833	1.3	.549	.085		
Top 50%	40.5	14.8	.04	20	30	40	55	60	109,708	-1.1	.608	073		
Top 10%	43.6	13.9	.12	20	35	40	60	60	49	-4.2	.099	301		
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## Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Sul Ross State University

### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores					Со	mparison	results	
				-					Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
SRSU $(N = 55)$	25.7	15.6	2.10	0	15	20	35	60				
Southwest Public	20.7	15.6	.12	0	10	20	30	55	16,524	5.0	.018	.319
Carnegie Class	21.3	15.2	.07	0	10	20	30	50	51,042	4.3	.034	.286
NSSE 2022 & 2023	21.6	15.1	.03	0	10	20	30	50	200,954	4.1	.046	.269
Top 50%	25.4	15.3	.06	5	15	25	35	60	66,444	.3	.886	.019
Top 10%	29.3	15.3	.16	5	20	25	40	60	9,485	-3.6	.081	236
Effective Teaching Practices												
SRSU $(N = 52)$	36.7	14.4	1.99	20	28	40	44	60				
Southwest Public	37.9	13.8	.11	16	28	40	48	60	15,758	-1.2	.537	085
Carnegie Class	38.7	13.9	.06	16	28	40	48	60	48,583	-2.0	.297	144
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.4	13.3	.03	16	28	40	48	60	191,872	-1.7	.366	125
Top 50%	40.1	13.5	.05	16	32	40	52	60	85,752	-3.4	.066	254
Top 10%	43.3	13.3	.13	20	36	44	56	60	11,205	-6.6	.000	493
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
SRSU $(N = 48)$	44.3	13.8	1.99	16	32	42	60	60				
Southwest Public	42.9	12.5	.11	20	36	44	52	60	47	1.4	.475	.115
Carnegie Class	43.6	12.4	.06	20	36	45	53	60	47	.7	.711	.060
NSSE 2022 & 2023	43.0	11.7	.03	22	36	44	52	60	47	1.3	.522	.109
Top 50%	45.2	11.5	.04	24	38	46	54	60	47	9	.640	082
Top 10%	48.1	12.1	.11	24	42	50	60	60	47	-3.8	.061	316
Supportive Environment												
SRSU $(N = 48)$	36.5	14.3	2.07	20	23	35	45	60				
Southwest Public	35.2	13.9	.12	13	25	35	43	60	14,035	1.4	.499	.098
Carnegie Class	33.9	14.1	.07	10	23	35	43	60	43,132	2.6	.193	.188
NSSE 2022 & 2023	34.6	13.5	.03	13	25	35	43	60	171,726	1.9	.319	.144
Top 50%	36.8	13.1	.05	15	28	38	45	60	74,780	2	.897	019
Top 10%	39.6	12.8	.14	20	30	40	50	60	8,877	-3.1	.090	245

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean  $\pm$ 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



## Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Sul Ross State University

**Detailed Statistics: Seniors** 

_	Mea	n statisti	cs		Percei	ntile <sup>d</sup> scc	res			Comparison results			
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>	
Academic Challenge					250.		7507	330.7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	35-	9-		
Higher-Order Learning													
SRSU (N = 99)	40.0	14.1	1.41	20	30	40	50	60					
Southwest Public	40.4	14.1	.08	20	30	40	50	60	31,623	4	.767	030	
Carnegie Class	40.7	13.9	.05	20	30	40	50	60	75,199	7	.608	052	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	40.7	13.8	.03	20	30	40	50	60	287,914	6	.643	047	
Top 50%	42.1	13.7	.04	20	35	40	55	60	133,826	-2.0	.138	149	
Top 10%	44.7	12.8	.11	20	40	45	60	60	12,888	-4.7	.000	365	
Reflective & Integrative Learning													
SRSU $(N = 106)$	35.6	13.6	1.32	17	26	37	43	60					
Southwest Public	37.6	13.2	.07	17	29	37	47	60	33,606	-2.0	.124	150	
Carnegie Class	38.5	13.0	.05	17	29	40	49	60	80,387	-2.9	.023	220	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.7	12.9	.02	17	29	40	49	60	307,335	-3.1	.015	237	
Top 50%	40.6	12.5	.04	20	31	40	51	60	121,268	-5.0	.000	399	
Top 10%	43.1	11.8	.11	23	34	43	54	60	12,390	-7.5	.000	629	
									12,570			.029	
Learning Strategies	41.0	100	1.26	20	40	40	4.5	60					
SRSU $(N = 94)$	41.8	12.2	1.26	20	40	40	47	60					
Southwest Public	40.2	14.5	.08	20	27	40	53	60	94	1.6	.206	.111	
Carnegie Class	39.7	14.7	.06	13	27	40	53	60	93	2.1	.103	.141	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	39.2	14.6	.03	13	27	40	53	60	93	2.6	.039	.180	
Top 50%	40.9	14.5	.04	20	33	40	53	60	93	.8	.505	.058	
Top 10%	43.6	14.1	.10	20	33	40	60	60	94	-1.8	.160	126	
Quantitative Reasoning													
SRSU $(N = 95)$	27.6	16.5	1.69	0	20	27	40	60					
Southwest Public	31.0	16.6	.10	0	20	33	40	60	30,232	-3.4	.047	205	
Carnegie Class	31.0	16.6	.06	0	20	33	40	60	71,751	-3.3	.052	200	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	31.4	16.6	.03	0	20	33	40	60	274,466	-3.8	.028	227	
Top 50%	32.7	16.5	.04	7	20	33	40	60	168,477	-5.0	.003	306	
Top 10%	36.3	16.2	.14	7	20	40	47	60	13,595	-8.6	.000	534	
Learning with Peers													
Collaborative Learning													
SRSU (N = 106)	27.2	16.7	1.62	0	15	25	40	60					
Southwest Public	29.0	16.3	.09	0	20	30	40	60	35,156	-1.8	.250	112	
Carnegie Class	28.0	16.8	.06	0	15	30	40	60	84,378	8	.644	045	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	30.3	16.0	.03	0	20	30	40	60	323,063	-3.0	.051	189	
Top 50%	34.7	14.2	.04	10	25	35	45	60	105	-7.5	.000	527	
Top 10%	38.1	13.6	.10	15	30	40	50	60	106	-10.9	.000	798	
Discussions with Diverse Others													
SRSU (N = 91)	30.4	16.8	1.76	0	20	30	40	60					
Southwest Public	39.4	17.2	.10	5	25	40	60	60	29,990	-9.0	.000	521	
Carnegie Class	37.6	17.2	.06	0	25	40	55	60	71,052	-9.0 -7.2	.000	420	
NSSE 2022 & 2023	38.8	16.2	.03	10	25	40	55	60	272,119	-8.4	.000	519	
Top 50%	41.1	15.6	.03	15	30	40	55	60	148,056	-10.7	.000	685	
Top 10%	43.9	14.8	.12	20	35	45	60	60	15,839	-10.7	.000	916	
10p 1070	₹3.3	17.0	.12	20	33	73	00	00	13,037	13.3	.000	.,,10	



## Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> Sul Ross State University

### **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

	Mea	n statisti	ics		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores		Co	mparison	results	
				-					Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
SRSU $(N = 103)$	21.7	16.5	1.63	0	10	20	35	55				
Southwest Public	21.2	16.8	.09	0	10	20	30	60	32,547	.6	.731	.034
Carnegie Class	23.4	16.5	.06	0	10	20	35	60	77,555	-1.6	.321	098
NSSE 2022 & 2023	23.7	16.5	.03	0	10	20	35	60	296,772	-2.0	.217	122
Top 50%	29.6	16.2	.06	5	20	30	40	60	64,623	-7.8	.000	483
Top 10%	34.3	15.8	.18	10	20	35	45	60	7,449	-12.5	.000	789
Effective Teaching Practices												
SRSU $(N = 99)$	38.5	15.5	1.55	12	28	40	52	60				
Southwest Public	39.6	14.7	.08	16	28	40	52	60	31,650	-1.1	.468	073
Carnegie Class	40.1	14.6	.05	16	32	40	52	60	75,065	-1.6	.279	109
NSSE 2022 & 2023	40.0	14.1	.03	16	32	40	52	60	287,384	-1.5	.279	109
Top 50%	42.1	13.8	.04	20	32	40	56	60	99,371	-3.6	.009	265
Top 10%	44.7	13.4	.11	20	36	44	56	60	15,620	-6.2	.000	463
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
SRSU $(N = 89)$	41.3	13.8	1.46	16	30	42	52	60				
Southwest Public	43.3	13.1	.08	18	36	45	54	60	26,635	-1.9	.163	148
Carnegie Class	43.9	12.8	.05	20	36	46	54	60	62,814	-2.5	.061	199
NSSE 2022 & 2023	43.0	12.4	.02	20	36	44	52	60	246,543	-1.7	.192	138
Top 50%	45.4	12.1	.04	22	38	48	55	60	88	-4.0	.007	334
Top 10%	47.9	12.5	.08	22	40	50	60	60	26,524	-6.6	.000	523
Supportive Environment												
SRSU $(N = 93)$	33.1	15.8	1.64	5	20	35	40	60				
Southwest Public	32.5	15.1	.09	8	20	33	43	60	29,053	.6	.688	.042
Carnegie Class	31.6	14.9	.06	8	20	31	40	60	68,807	1.5	.318	.104
NSSE 2022 & 2023	32.0	14.5	.03	8	20	33	40	60	264,371	1.1	.448	.079
Top 50%	34.6	14.3	.05	10	25	35	45	60	97,716	-1.4	.334	100
Top 10%	37.7	13.9	.14	15	28	38	48	60	9,478	-4.6	.002	327

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean  $\pm$ 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.